





Lemington Riverside Pupil Premium Strategy Statement

1. Summary information						
School	Lemington Riverside Primary School					
Academic Year	2016/17	Total PP budget	£88,440	Date of most recent PP Review	n/a	
Total number of pupils	155	Number of pupils eligible for PP	67	Date for next internal review of this strategy	Jan 2017	

2. Current attainment		
Using 2015 data for progress – will update with progress when alternative assessments regarding national averages are clear – ROL 2016 Oct 2016	Pupils eligible for PP (your school)	Pupils not eligible for PP (national average)
% achieving Level 4b or above in reading, writing and maths	94%	100%
% making at least 2 levels of progress in reading	100%	92%
% making at least 2 levels of progress in writing	100%	95%
% making at least 2 levels of progress in maths	94%	91%

3. Ba	3. Barriers to future attainment (for pupils eligible for PP including high ability)				
In-sch	In-school barriers (issues to be addressed in school, such as poor oral language skills)				
A.	Basic skills for children entering Foundation Stage are generally lower for pupils eligible for PP then other pupils which can impact on attainment throughout the school				
В.	To ensure that PP pupils achieve expected attainment and progress at the end of KS2 we need to constantly ensure that their progress is being tracked and appropriate intervention is applied as necessary – as we do with all of our pupils				

External barriers (issues which also require action outside school, such as low attendance rates)

Attendance rates for pupils eligible for PP was 92.7% and non PP children's attendance was 94.1% at the end of 2015 – 16.% (below the target for all children of 97%). This reduces their school hours and creates a risk of them falling behind in all areas of the curriculum.

4. O	4. Outcomes				
	Desired outcomes and how they will be measured	Success criteria			
A.	Improve basic skills for pupils eligible for PP in Foundation stage.	Pupils eligible for PP in Foundation Stage make rapid progress by the end of the Reception year so that all pupils eligible for PP meet age related expectations.			
В.	Higher rates of progress across KS1 for pupils eligible for PP. – phonics Screen in year 1	Pupils eligible for PP identified as high ability make as much progress as 'other' pupils across Key Stage 1 in maths, reading and writing and EGPS. Measured in Y1 and 2 by teacher assessments and successful moderation practices established across the OWLT			
C.	Higher rates of progress across KS2 for pupils eligible for PP.	Pupils eligible for PP identified as high ability make as much progress as 'other' pupils across Key Stage 2 in maths, reading and writing and EGPS. Measured by teacher assessments and successful moderation practices established across the OWLT			
D.	Increased attendance rates for pupils eligible for PP.	Overall PP attendance improves across the school – aim for 97% across the school at the end of 2016 -17			

5. Planned expenditure

Academic year

2016/17

The three headings below enable schools to demonstrate how they are using the pupil premium to improve classroom pedagogy, provide targeted support and support whole school strategies.

Quality of teaching for all and targeted support

Desired outcome	Chosen action / approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review implement ation?
Improve oral language, reading and writing across the Foundation Stage	Nursery Identification of interventions/ programmes to be used agreed at termly progress meetings – earlier if necessary Early intervention from outside agencies where appropriate Use Speech Screen Programme in Nursery to track development of understanding, spoken language, speech and attention Daily phonics sessions in attainment groups Use of Talk for writing strategies to develop skills in speaking and listening, oral rehearsal and story sequencing Handwriting is taught Small group to develop social and language skills Using Next Steps Speech and Language Numicon resources in place to support number development Writing opportunities in continuous provision areas Reception Focussed Vocabulary work Phonics awareness - daily 30 min. session Daily maths intervention groups Daily speech and language programme group – Language steps Reading intervention groups More formal teaching in Reception class	Children enter nursey with a variety of abilities – Main challenges are basic skills We need to target pupils to enable them to catch up in time	Programmes selected to suit needs of pupils and have evidence of their effectiveness Timetable is organised to ensure groups receive intervention Intervention plan / register is in place and progress is tracked termly and intervention adapted if necessary Progress meetings held termly and attended by all staff involved Progress monitored on a termly basis by SMT Scrutiny of work / lesson observations	Foundation Stage Leader / HT	Dec 2016

i. Other approaches

Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review implementat ion?
D. Increased attendance rates	Part time Family Support Officer employed to monitor pupils and follow up quickly on absences. First day response provision. Group sessions with children around the importance of attendance Incentives in place for good attendance across the school Daily monitoring of attendance and analysis of absence and causes — identifying trends across all groups of children Weekly attendance data presented to children in chart — class data Parenting contracts for children causing concern	Children's attendance needs to be at 97% for them to achieve the maximum benefit from school – prevents them from missing out and having to catch up important learning steps Good attendance prepares them for adult life	Daily attendance and absence monitoring Early intervention by FSO Parents aware of the importance of good attendance – contacting school on first day of absence – database in place to record this	HT/ DHT/ FSO	Jan 2017
Total budgeted cos				geted cost	£14,910

Whole School Initiatives

Initiative	Impact	Cost
Additional Educational Psychologist	Extra capacity to have children assessed and needs addressed – early intervention	£2150
Enhancement Activities	Enhancement experiences to support all areas of the curriculum with a particular focus on increasing creative writing opportunities e.g. visits, visitors, school outings, resources (including the purchase of the Lexia license - £2000 for the next 3 years)	£6108
Development of outdoor areas	To further develop outdoor resources to enhance learning in the outdoor environment	£3000
Staff training	Staff across the school access appropriate and up to date training	£3000

Previous Academic Year		2015-16			
Targeted support					
Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	Estimated impact: Did you meet the success criteria? Include impact on pupils not eligible for PP, if appropriate.	Lessons learned (and whether you will continue with this approach)	Cost	
To improve attainment in FS GLD, KS1 and KS2 reading, writing and Maths To improve year Phonic Screen Assessment achievement	Identification of interventions/ programmes to be used agreed at termly progress meetings – earlier if necessary Early intervention from outside agencies where appropriate Focussed Vocabulary work Phonics awareness - daily 30 min. session Daily maths intervention groups All children throughout school to use Lexia IT programme to support development in reading , writing and EGPS Developing marking and feedback strategies to support progress	Impact on attainment has improved for all pupils At the end of FS in 2016 there are a higher percentage of PP pupils attaining at least expected level in all subjects than none PP pupils. The GLD for 2016 is 72% overall (a rise of 11% from 2015) – for PP pupils it is 82% and for non-PP pupils it is 64% In 2016 86% of pupils achieved the expected level – 75% of PP pupils achieved the expected level an increase of 21% from 2015 – although 93% of non PP pupils achieved the expected level In 2016 90% of pupils achieved the ARE in combined Reading, writing and maths against the national average of 53% Out 0f 10 children 100% of non –PP children (3) achieved the ARE and 85% of PP children (7) achieved the ARE in reading, writing and maths – 1 PP pupil did not achieve the ARE in all subjects	Clear focus on pupil progress and appropriate intervention strategies have been effective across the school Improved marking and feedback has had a clear positive impact on children improving their work and understanding how to improve their work Lexia has been effective in improving literacy skills across the school The timetable has ensured that all children receive effective appropriate intervention across the school We will continue with these approaches/ strategies and make further during the next academic year	£57,259	

Desired outcome	Chosen action/approach	Estimated impact: Did you meet the success criteria? Include impact on pupils not eligible for PP, if appropriate.	Lessons learned (and whether you will continue with this approach)	Cost
To improve attendance for all children – aim is 97% at the end of 2015-16	Part time Family Support Officer employed to monitor pupils and follow up quickly on absences. First day response provision. Group sessions with children around the importance of attendance Incentives in place for good attendance across the school Daily monitoring of attendance Weekly attendance data presented to children in chart — class data Parenting contracts for children causing concern	At the end of 2015-16 the attendance was 93.3% for the whole school PP children's attendance was 92.7% and non PP children's attendance was 94.1% at the end of 2015 – 16. FSO supported 78 children and 62 families during 2015 – 16 with attendance, well- being and care	Attendance is a constant focus for our school. Although it has improved from 91.2% in 2011/12 to 94.3% in 2014/15, 2015/16 has seen the first year on year decline since 2011, to 93.3%. This is despite rigorously following our embedded strategies, which have contributed to previous years' improvements. Attendance was monitored through the year by half-term, and by year and pupil group. In the first three half-terms, up to Spring Term half-term break, the improvement was continuing, with an average of 94.8%. Thereafter, there was a significant fall, with an average of 91.6% over the final three half-terms, with a low of 90.1% in the second half of the Summer Term Anecdotally, it was believed that an outbreak of Chickenpox and parents taking their children out of school for holidays were the most significant cause of the decline. Because of the relatively steep decline in given year groups we are to carry out a detailed analysis of absence records during 2016-17 in order to establish the true causes, and inform future strategies. We will continue with all other strategies and increase early intervention.	£14,910

Whole School Initiatives

Initiative	Impact	Cost
Additional Educational Psychologist	Extra capacity to have children assessed and needs addressed – early intervention	£2150
Enhancement Activities	Children have had extra experiences to support their development in creative writing – End of KS2 – 90% achieved Age Related Expectation. There is an upward year trend in writing achievement at the end of KS2. The positive impact of enrichment activities has promoted pupil confidence and enjoyment which has impacted positively on learning and attitudes to learning.	£6000
Development of outdoor areas	The resources to enhance learning and develop skills in outdoor environment have been improved. Literacy sheds are now in place and resourced to support development in an outdoor environment. General resources to support delivery of the curriculum have also been purchased	£3000
Staff training	Staff across the school access appropriate training. Staff have kept up to date with training – to support attainment and progress – see training records	£3000
Kalmer Kids	Children with difficulties being supported with confidential counselling sessions. Pastoral support for vulnerable or at risk children which improves outcomes	£1810
Class i-pad set	To support learning across the school – all classes have access to the i-pads which have provided an alternative approach to teaching and learning	£12000
I-pads	To support staff in use of i-pads to promote children's learning	£4000
Thrive training x 2 staff	We now have two Thrive practitioners in school to support the development of children's social and emotional development. A Thrive room has been set up and children have specified times for their Thrive input. An initial assessment is carried out on the children and this is then used to plan for their next stage of development.	£3181